FACTORIES (CONTROL OF CARCINOGENS AT WORK) REGULATIONS, 1997.

Subsidiary 1997/021

Regulations made under ss.58 and 81.

FACTORIES (CONTROL OF CARCINOGENS AT WORK) REGULATIONS, 1997.

Revoked by LN. 2003/082 as from 7.8.2003

(LN. 1997/021)

1.4.1997

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS.

Regulation

- 1. Title and commencement.
- 2. Interpretation.
- 3. Assessment of health risks created by work involving carcinogens.
- 4. Presentation or control of exposure to carcinogens.
- 5. Unforeseen exposure.
- 6. Information, instruction and training for persons who may be exposed to substances hazardous to health.
- 7. Health surveillance.

SCHEDULE.

Subsidiary 1997/021

FACTORIES (CONTROL OF CARCINOGENS AT WORK) REGULATIONS, 1997.

Title and commencement.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Factories (Control of Carcinogens at Work) Regulations, 1997 and shall come into effect on the 1st day of April, 1997.

Interpretation.

2. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires—

"Carcinogenic Hazard" means-

- (a) those substances set out in the Schedule;
- (b) the following processes, namely–
 - (i) manufacture of ansamine;
 - (ii) work involving exposure to aromatic polycyclic hydrocarbons present in coal tar, pitch, fumes or dust;
 - (iii) work involving exposure to dusts, fumes and sprays produced during the roasting and electro-refining of cupro-nickel matters;
 - (iv) strong acid process in the manufacture of isopropyl alcohol; and
- (c) any preparation containing the substances referred to in paragraph (a) which are present at a concentration of not less than 1% of the total volume, and "carcinogen" means a substance referred to in that paragraph.

Assessment of health risks created by work involving carcinogens.

- 3.(1) An employer shall not carry out any work which is liable to expose any employees to any carcinogenic hazard unless he has made a suitable and sufficient assessment of the risks created by that work to the health of those employees and of the steps that need to be taken to meet the requirements of these Regulations.
- (2) The assessment required by subregulation (1) shall be reviewed regularly and forthwith if—
 - (a) there is reason to suspect that the assessment is no longer valid; or

FACTORIES (CONTROL OF CARCINOGENS AT WORK) REGULATIONS, 1997.

Subsidiary 1997/021

(b) there has been a significant change in the work to which the assessment relates, and, where as a result of the review, changes in the assessments are required, those changes shall be made.

Presentation or control of exposure to carcinogens.

- 4.(1) Every employer shall ensure that the exposure of his employees to carcinogenic substances is either prevented or, where this is not reasonably practicable, adequately controlled.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of subregulation (1), where the assessment made under regulation 3 shows that it is not reasonably practicable to prevent exposure to a carcinogenic hazard by using an alternative substance or process, the employer shall apply the following measures, namely—
 - (a) the total enclosure of the process of handling systems unless this is not reasonably practicable;
 - (b) the limitation of the quantities of a carcinogenic hazard at the place of work;
 - (c) the keeping of the number of persons who might be exposed to a carcinogenic hazard to a minimum;
 - (d) the use of plant, processes and systems of work which minimise the generation of, or suppress and contain, spills, leaks, dust, fumes and vapours of carcinogenic substances;
 - (e) the provision of hygiene measures including adequate washing facilities and regular cleaning of walls and surfaces;
 - (f) the designation of those areas and installations which may be contaminated by carcinogenic substances, and the use of suitable and sufficient warning signs;
 - (g) the prohibition of eating, drinking and smoking in areas that may be contaminated by carcinogenic substances; and
 - (h) the safe storage, handling and disposal of carcinogenic substances and use of closed and clearly labelled containers.
- (3) Where the measure taken in accordance with subregulation (1) does not prevent, or provide adequate control of, exposure to carcinogenic substances to which that subregulation applies, then, in addition to taking

Subsidiary 1997/021

FACTORIES (CONTROL OF CARCINOGENS AT WORK) REGULATIONS, 1997.

that measure, the employer shall provide those employees with such suitable personal protective equipment as will adequately control their exposure to those substances.

(4) Every employer who provides a control measure to meet the requirements of subregulations (1) and (2) shall ensure that it is maintained in an efficient state, in an efficient working order and in good repair and, in the case of personal protective equipment, in a clean condition.

Unforeseen exposure.

5. In the event of the failure of a control measure which might result in the escape of carcinogenic substances into the workplace, the employer shall ensure that employees and other persons who may be affected are informed of the failure as quickly as possible.

Information, instruction and training for persons who may be exposed to substances hazardous to health.

- 6.(1) An employer who undertakes work which may expose any of his employees to substances hazardous to health shall provide that employee with such information, instruction and training as is suitable and sufficient for him to know—
 - (a) the risks to health created by such exposure; and
 - (b) the precautions which should be taken.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of subregulation (1), the information provided under that subregulation shall include information on the collective results of any health surveillance undertaken in accordance with regulation 7 in a form calculated to prevent it from being identified as relating to any particular person.

Health surveillance.

- 7.(1) Where it is appropriate for the protection of the health of his employees who are, or are liable to be, exposed to a substance hazardous to health, the employer shall ensure that such employees are under suitable health surveillance.
- (2) The employer shall ensure that a health record, in respect of each of his employees to whom subregulation (1) relates is made and maintained and that that record or a copy thereof is kept in a suitable form for at least 40 years from the date of the last entry made in it.

FACTORIES (CONTROL OF CARCINOGENS AT WORK) REGULATIONS, 1997.

Subsidiary 1997/021

- (3) Where an employer who holds records in accordance with subregulation (2) ceases to trade, he shall forthwith notify the Gibraltar Health Authority thereof in writing and offer those records to the Gibraltar Health Authority.
- (4) Where, for the purpose of carrying out his functions under these Regulations, an employment medical adviser or appointed doctor requires to inspect any workplace or any record kept for the purposes of these Regulations, the employer shall permit him to do so.
- (5) On reasonable notice being given, the employer shall allow any of his employees access to the health record which relates to him.

SCHEDULE

Regulation 2

Acrylamide

Acrylonitrile

4-Aminoazobenzene

4-Aminobiphenyl (4-Aminodiphenyl)

Salts of 4-Aminobiphenyl (Salts of 4-Aminodiphenyl)

4-Amino-3-fluorophenol

Arsenic acid and its salts

Arsenic pentoxide

Arsenic trioxide

Asbestos (all types)

Benzine

Benzidine

Salts of benzidine

Benzo-(a)-anthracene

Benzo-(a)-pyrene

Benzo-(b)-fluoranthene

Benzo-(i)-fluoranthene

Benzo-(k)-fluoranthene

Bis(chloromethyl)ether(BCME)

Butane(1), isobutane[2], (containing >=0.10% butadiene (203-450-8))

1.3-Butadiene

Cadmium chloride

Calcium chromate

Captafol (ISO)

Carbadox (INN)

2-Chloroallyl diethyidithiocarbamate (Sulfallate ISO)

Chlorodimethyl ether

I -Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (Epichlorohydrin)

Subsidiary 1997/021

FACTORIES (CONTROL OF CARCINOGENS AT WORK) REGULATIONS, 1997.

Chromium III chromate (Chromic chromate)

Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked

Clarified oils (petroleum), hydrodesulphurised catalytic cracked

Coke (coal tar), high temperature pitch

Coke (coal tar), mixed coal-high temperature pitch

Coke (coal tar), low temperature, high temperature pitch

4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane

o-Dianisidine

Salts of o-dianisidine

Diarsenic trioxide

Diazomethane

Dibenz(a,h)anthracene

1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane

1,2-Dibromoethane (Ethylene dibromide)

3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine

Salts of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine

1,4-Dichlorobut-2-ene

1,2-Dichloroethene (Ethylene dichloride)

2,2'-Dichloro-4,4'-methylenedianiline (MbOCA)

Salts of 2,2-Dichloro-4,4'-methylenedianiline

1,3-Dichloro-2-propanol

Diethyl sulphate

3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine

Salts of 3,3'-dimethylbenzidine

Dimethylcarbamoyl chloride

1,2-Dimethylhydrazine

N,N-Dimethylhydrazine

Dimethylnitrosamine

Dimethylsulphamoyl chloride

Dimethyl sulphate

Disodium {5-[(4'-((2,6-hydroxy-3-((2-hydroxy-5-

sulphophenyl)azo)phenyl)azo)(1,'-biphenyl)-4-yl)azo] salicylato(4-)}cuprate(2-)

Distillates (petroleum), intermediate vacuum

Distillates (petroleum), petroleum residues vacuum

Distillates (petroleum), chemically neutralised heavy paraffinic

Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized light catalytic cracked

Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized full-range middle

Distillates (petroleum), light paraffinic

Distillates (petroleum), light vacuum

Distillates (petroleum), vacuum

Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized middle coker

Distillates (petroleum), heavy naphthenic

Distillates (petroleum), heavy steam-cracked

Distillates (petroleum), acid-treated light naphthenic

Distillates (petroleum), acid-treated light paraffinic

FACTORIES (CONTROL OF CARCINOGENS AT WORK) REGULATIONS, 1997.

Subsidiary 1997/021

Distillates (petroleum), chemically neutralised light paraffinic

Distillates (petroleum), chemically neutralised heavy naphthenic

Distillates (petroleum), chemically neutralised light naphthenic

Distillates (petroleum), light catalytic cracked

Distillates (petroleum), intermediate catalytic cracked

Distillates (petroleum), light thermal cracked

Distillates (petroleum), light steam-cracked naptha

Distillates (petroleum), cracked steam-cracked petroleum distillate

Distillates (petroleum), hyrodesulphurized thermal cracked middle

Distillates (petroleum), acid-treated heavy paraffinic

Distillates (petroleum), light catalytic cracked, thermally degraded

Distillates (petroleum), light naphthenic

Distillates (coal tar), benzole fraction

Distillates (coal tar), heavy oils

Distillates (petroleum), intermediate catalytic cracked, thermally degraded

Distillates (petroleum), acid treated heavy naphthenic

Distillates (petroleum), heavy catalytic cracked

Distillates (petroleum), heavy thermal cracked

Distillates (petroleum), heavy paraffinic

Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized intermediate catalytic cracked

Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy catalytic cracked

1,2-Epoxypropane (Propylene oxide)

Erionite

Ethyleneimine

Ethylene oxide

Extracts (Petroleum), heavy naphthenic distillate solvent

Extracts (Petroleum), heavy paraffinic distillate solvent

Extracts (Petroleum), light naphthenic distillate solvent

Extracts (Petroleum), light paraffinic distillate solvent

Extracts (Petroleum), light vacuum gas oil solvent

Fuel oil-6

Fuel oil, heavy high-sulphur

Fuel oil, residues-straight-run gas oils, high sulphur

Fuel oil, residual

Gas oils (petroleum), thermal-cracked, hydrodesulphurised

Gas oils (petroleum), heavy atmospheric

Gas oils (petroleum), hydrodesulphurised coker heavy vacuum

Gas oils (petroleum), steam-cracked

Gas oils (petroleum), hydrodesulphurised heavy vacuum

Gas oils (petroleum), heavy vacuum

Gas oils (petroleum), light vacuum, thermal-cracked hydrodesulphurised

Gas oils (petroleum), hydrotreated vacuum

Gases (petroleum), catalytic cracked naphtha depropanizer overhead, c3-rich acid-free

Gasoline, coal solvent extn., hydrocracked naphtha

Hexachlorobenzene

Subsidiary 1997/021

FACTORIES (CONTROL OF CARCINOGENS AT WORK) REGULATIONS, 1997.

Hexamethylphosphoric triamide

Hydrazine

Salts of hydrazine

Hydrazine bis (3-carboxy-4-hydroxybenzene sulphonate)

Hydrazobenzene

Hydrocarbons C26-55, aromatic rich

Lead hydrogen arsenate

2-methylaziridine

4,4'-Methlyenedi-o-toluidine

Methyl acrylamidomethoxy acetate (containing >=0.1% acrylamide)

Methyl acrylamidoglycolate (containing 20.1% acrylamide)

2-Methoxyaniline

4-Methyl-m-phenylenediamine

1-Methyl-3-nitro-1-nitrosoguanidine

Methyl-ONN-azoxymethyl acetate (Methyl azoxy methyl acetate)

2-Naphthylamine

Salts of 2-naphthylamine

5-Nitroacenaphthene

2-Nitroanisole

4-Nitrobiphenyl (4-nitrodiphenyl)

Nitrofen (ISO)

2-Nitronaphthalene

2-Nitropropane

N-Nitrosodimethylamine

N-Nitrosodipropylamine

2,2'-(nitrosoimimo)bis ethanol

Potassium bromate

1,3 Propanesultone

3-Propanolide (Propiolactone)

Residual oils (petroleum)

Residues (petroleum), coker, scrubber, condensed-ring-arom.-contg.

Residues (petroleum), hydrodegenated steam-cracked naphtha

Residues (petroleum), atm.tower

Residues (petroleum), vacuum, light

Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked naphtha distn.

Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked

Residues (petroleum), heavy coker and light vacuum

Residues (petroleum), catalytic reformer fractionator

Residues (petroleum), hydrodesulphurised atmospheric tower

Residues (petroleum), topping plant, low-sulphur

Residues (petroleum), heavy coker gas oil and vacuum gas oil

Residues (petroleum), thermal cracked

Residues (petroleum), catalytic reformer fractionator residue distn.

Residues (petroleum), catalytic cracking

Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked light

Residues (petroleum), hydrocracked

FACTORIES (CONTROL OF CARCINOGENS AT WORK) REGULATIONS, 1997.

Subsidiary 1997/021

Residues (petroleum), light vacuum

Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked heat-soaked naphtha

Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked

Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked, distillates

Residues (petroleum), atmospheric

Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked thermally treated

Strontium chromate

Styrene oxide

Tar, brown-coal, low-temp.

Tar, coal, low-temp.

Tar, coal, high-temp.

Tar, coal

Tar, brown-coal

o-Toluidine

Salts of o-toluidine

Thioioacetamide

4-o-Tolylazo-o-toluidine

 α , α , α , - Trichlorotoluene

Urethane (INN)

Vinyl chloride (Chloroethylene)

Zinc chromates (including zinc potassium chromate)