

**SECOND SUPPLEMENT TO THE GIBRALTAR  
GAZETTE**

No. 3919 of 19th March, 2012

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LEGAL NOTICE NO. 32 OF 2012.

**INTERPRETATION AND GENERAL CLAUSES ACT**

**MUTUAL LEGAL ASSISTANCE (EUROPEAN UNION) ACT  
(AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS 2011**

In exercise of the powers conferred on the Government by section 23(g)(ii) of the Interpretation and General Clauses Act and in order to transpose into the law of Gibraltar Council Directive 2010/24/EU of 16 March 2010 concerning mutual assistance for the recovery of claims relating to taxes, duties and other measures, the Government has made the following Regulations—

**Title and commencement.**

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Mutual Legal Assistance (European Union) Act (Amendment) Regulations 2012 and come into operation on the day of publication.

**Amendment of the Mutual Legal Assistance (European Union) Act 2005.**

2.(1) The Mutual Legal Assistance (European Union) Act 2005 is amended in accordance with the provisions of this regulation.

(2) Part III of the Mutual Legal Assistance (European Union) Act 2005 is repealed and replaced by the following—

**“PART III  
MUTUAL LEGAL ASSISTANCE IN MATTERS NOT  
FALLING WITHIN THE SCOPE OF PART II**

**Interpretation.**

24. In this Part and unless the context otherwise requires—

“applicant authority” means a central liaison office, a liaison office or a liaison department of a Member State which makes a request for assistance to the competent authority concerning

a claim referred to in section 25 and which is authorised to make such a request pursuant to the Directive;

“by electronic means” means using electronic equipment for the processing, including digital compression, and storage of data, and employing wires, radio transmission, optical technologies or other electromagnetic means;

“competent authority” means such person as the Minister may, from time to time, designate by notice in the Gazette being such person as is authorised to make or receive a request for assistance in respect of a claim to which section 25 applies;

“CCN network” means the common platform based on the common communication network (CCN) developed by the European Union for all transmissions by electronic means between competent authorities in the area of customs and taxation;

“Directive” means Council Directive 2010/24/EU of 16 March 2010 concerning mutual assistance for the recovery of claims relating to taxes, duties and other measures, as amended from time to time;

“Minister” means the Minister with responsibility for public finance;

“person” means—

- (a) a natural person;
- (b) a legal person;
- (c) where the legislation in force so provides, an association of persons recognised as having the capacity to perform legal acts but lacking the legal status of a legal person; or
- (d) any other legal arrangement of whatever nature and form, which has legal personality or not, owning or managing assets which, including income derived therefrom, are subject to any of the taxes covered by this Part;

“requested authority” means a central liaison office, a liaison office or a liaison department of a Member State to which a request for assistance is made by the competent authority in respect of a claim referred to in section 25 and which is authorised to receive such a request pursuant to the Directive.

**Application of Part.**

25.(1) This Part applies to claims relating to the following—

- (a) taxes and duties of any kind levied by or on behalf of the Government, a Member State or its territorial or administrative subdivisions, including local authorities, or on behalf of the European Union;
- (b) refunds, interventions and other measures forming part of the system of total or partial financing of the European Agricultural Guarantee Fund (EAGF) and the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD), including sums to be collected in connection with these actions;
- (c) levies and other duties provided for under the common organisation of the market for the sugar sector;
- (d) administrative penalties, fines, fees and surcharges relating to the claims for which mutual assistance may be requested in accordance with paragraphs (a) to (c), imposed by the administrative authorities that are competent to levy the taxes or duties concerned or carry out administrative enquiries with regard to them, or confirmed by administrative or judicial bodies at the request of those administrative authorities;
- (e) fees for certificates and similar documents issued in connection with administrative procedures related to taxes and duties;
- (f) interest and costs relating to the claims for which mutual assistance may be requested in accordance with this subsection.

- (2) This Part does not apply to—
- (a) compulsory social security contributions payable to the Government, a Member State, a subdivision of a Member State or to social security institutions established under public law;
  - (b) fees not referred to in subsection (1);
  - (c) dues of a contractual nature, such as consideration for public utilities;
  - (d) criminal penalties imposed on the basis of a public prosecution or other criminal penalties not covered by subsection (1)(d).

**Administration of this Part.**

- 26.(1) Upon the coming into operation of these Regulations, the Minister shall appoint a competent authority for Gibraltar for the purposes of this Part and of the Directive.
- (2) The Minister shall ensure that the European Commission is informed of the appointment and of any changes made thereto.
- (3) The competent authority shall perform all the functions set out in Article 4 of the Directive within Gibraltar.

*Exchange of Information*

**Request for information.**

- 27.(1) At the request of an applicant authority the competent authority shall—
- (a) provide any information which is foreseeably relevant to the applicant authority in the recovery of its claims as referred to in section 25; and
  - (b) arrange for the carrying-out of any administrative enquiries necessary to obtain such information.

- (2) The competent authority shall not be obliged to supply information—
- (a) which it would not be able to obtain for the purpose of recovering similar claims arising in Gibraltar;
  - (b) which would disclose any commercial, industrial or professional secrets; or
  - (c) the disclosure of which would be liable to prejudice the security of, or be contrary to the public policy of, Gibraltar.
- (3) Subsection (2) shall not be construed as permitting the competent authority to decline to supply information solely because this information is held by a bank, other financial institution, nominee or person acting in an agency or a fiduciary capacity or because it relates to ownership interests in a person.
- (4) Where the competent authority refuses a request for information it shall inform the applicant authority of the reasons for doing so.

**Exchange of information without prior request.**

28. Where a refund of taxes or duties, other than value-added tax, relates to a person established or resident in a Member State and not Gibraltar, the competent authority may inform the Member State of establishment or residence of such person of the upcoming refund.

**Presence in administrative offices and participation in administrative enquiries.**

- 29.(1) By agreement between an applicant authority and the competent authority, and in accordance with arrangements laid down by the competent authority, officials authorised by an applicant authority may, with a view to promoting mutual assistance under this Part—

- (a) be present in the offices where the competent authority carries out its duties;
  - (b) be present during administrative enquiries carried out in Gibraltar;
  - (c) assist during court proceedings in Gibraltar.
- (2) In so far as it is permitted under Gibraltar law, the agreement referred to in subsection (1), in so far as it concerns the matters set out in subsection (1)(b), may provide that officials authorised by an applicant authority may interview individuals and examine records.
- (3) Officials authorised by an applicant authority who make use of the rights accorded under this section shall at all times be able to produce written authority stating their identity and their official capacity.

*Assistance for the Notification of Documents*

**Request for notification of certain documents relating to claims.**

- 30.(1) This section applies only where an applicant authority is unable to notify, in accordance with the rules in its Member State governing the notification of such documents, or when such notification would give rise to disproportionate difficulties.
- (2) The following provisions apply—
- (a) at the request of an applicant authority, the competent authority shall notify to the addressee all documents, including those of a judicial nature, which emanate from the applicant authority's Member State and which relate to a claim, as referred to in section 25, or to its recovery; and
  - (b) a request for notification shall be accompanied by a standard form containing at least the following information—

- (i) name, address and other data relevant to the identification of the addressee;
  - (ii) the purpose of the notification and the period within which notification should be effected;
  - (iii) a description of the attached document and the nature and amount of the claim concerned;
  - (iv) name, address and other contact details regarding the office responsible with regard to the attached document, and, if different, the office where further information can be obtained concerning the notified document or concerning the possibilities to contest the payment obligation.
- (3) The competent authority shall forthwith inform the applicant authority of any action taken on its request for notification including the date of notification of the document to the addressee.
- (4) The competent authority shall, when seeking the assistance of a requested authority, invoke the provisions of Article 8 of the Directive only where it is unable to notify the addressee in accordance with other statutory provisions in force in Gibraltar governing the notification of such documents or when such notification would give rise to disproportionate difficulties.

**Means of notification.**

- 31.(1) The competent authority shall ensure that all notifications in Gibraltar are effected in accordance with the laws, regulations and administrative practices in force in Gibraltar.
- (2) Subsection (1) is without prejudice to any other form of notification made by the applicant authority in accordance with the rules in force in its Member State.
- (3) The applicant authority may notify any document directly by registered mail or electronically to an addressee in Gibraltar.

*Recovery or Precautionary Measures*

**Request for recovery.**

- 32.(1) At the request of an applicant authority, the competent authority shall recover claims which are the subject of an instrument permitting enforcement in the applicant authority's Member State.
- (2) The competent authority, when seeking the assistance of a requested authority to recover a claim, shall immediately forward to the requested authority any relevant information of which it is made aware relating to the matter which gave rise to the request for recovery.

**Conditions governing a request for recovery.**

- 33.(1) Save in cases where section 36(4)(d) applies, the competent authority—
- (a) shall not make a request for recovery to a requested authority if, and as long as, the claim or the instrument permitting its enforcement is contested in Gibraltar; and
  - (b) shall not accept a request for recovery from an applicant authority if, and as long as, the claim or the instrument permitting its enforcement in the applicant authority's Member State is contested in that Member State.
- (2) Except in the situations set out in subsection (3), before the competent authority makes a request for recovery, appropriate recovery procedures available in Gibraltar shall be applied.
- (3) The situations set out in this subsection are—
- (a) where it is obvious that there are no assets for recovery in Gibraltar or that such procedures will not result in the payment in full of the claim, and the competent authority has specific information



indicating that the person concerned has assets in the requested Member State;

- (b) where recourse to such procedures in Gibraltar would give rise to disproportionate difficulty.
- (4) When it receives a request for recovery from an applicant authority, the competent authority shall ask the applicant authority to confirm that it has complied with Article 11 (2) of the Directive.

**Instrument permitting enforcement and other accompanying documents.**

- 34.(1) Any request for recovery in Gibraltar shall be accompanied by a uniform instrument permitting enforcement which–
- (a) shall reflect the substantial contents of the initial instrument permitting enforcement;
  - (b) shall constitute the sole basis for the recovery and precautionary measures taken in Gibraltar; and
  - (c) shall not be subject to any act of recognition, supplementing or replacement in Gibraltar.
- (2) The uniform instrument permitting enforcement shall contain at least the following information–
- (a) information relevant to the identification of the initial instrument permitting enforcement, a description of the claim, including its nature, the period covered by the claim, any dates of relevance to the enforcement process, and the amount of the claim and its different components such as principal, interest accrued, etc.;
  - (b) the name and other data relevant to the identification of the debtor;
  - (c) the name, address and other contact details regarding the office responsible for the assessment of the claim, and, if different, the office where further information

can be obtained concerning the claim or the possibilities for contesting the payment obligation.

- (3) A request for recovery of a claim may be accompanied by other documents relating to the claim issued in the applicant authority's Member State.

**Execution of the request for recovery.**

- 35.(1) Any claim in respect of which a request for recovery in Gibraltar has been made shall be treated as if it was a claim by the Crown and the competent authority shall make use of all powers and procedures under Gibraltar law applying to such claims or, in the absence of such claims in Gibraltar, claims in relation to a similar tax or duty or to claims concerning the tax levied on personal income.

Provided that—

- (a) the obligation to grant other Member States' claims the preferences accorded to similar claims arising in Gibraltar shall apply only where agreement is reached between Gibraltar and that Member State to that effect or is otherwise provided for under the laws of Gibraltar ;
- (b) where agreement exists with one Member State as stated in paragraph (a), the same agreement shall be reached in respect of similar claims by other Member States on the same conditions;
- (c) claims shall be recovered in Sterling.
- (2) The competent authority shall promptly inform the applicant authority of any action it has taken on the request for recovery.
- (3) From the date on which the recovery request is received, the competent authority shall charge interest for late payment in accordance with the provisions of the Supreme Court Act.
- (4) The competent authority may allow the debtor time to pay or authorise payment by instalments and it may charge interest in

that respect. It shall subsequently inform the applicant authority of any such decision.

- (5) Without prejudice to the provisions of this Part, the competent authority shall remit to the applicant authority the amounts recovered with respect to the claim and the interest referred to in subsections (3) and (4).

**Disputes.**

36.(1) Any dispute concerning—

- (a) a claim or the validity of any instrument permitting enforcement, including the uniform instrument;
- (b) the validity of a notification made by the jurisdiction in which the authority requesting the recovery is situate,

shall fall within the competence of the competent bodies of the jurisdiction in which the authority requesting the recovery is situate.

- (2) Where, in the course of a recovery procedure in Gibraltar, the claim, the initial instrument permitting enforcement in the applicant authority's Member State or the uniform instrument permitting enforcement in Gibraltar is contested by an interested party, the competent authority shall inform that party that he must bring such an action before the competent body of the applicant authority's Member State in accordance with the laws in force there.
- (3) Any dispute concerning the enforcement measures taken in Gibraltar or concerning the validity of a notification made by the competent authority shall be brought before the Supreme Court.
- (4) Where the competent authority has requested the recovery a claim to a requested authority and an action as referred to in subsections (1) and (2) has been brought in Gibraltar, the competent authority shall inform the requested authority

thereof and shall indicate the extent to which the claim is not contested.

- (5) Subject to subsection (7), where the competent authority has been informed by the applicant authority or by the interested party—
- (a) that an action as referred to in subsections (1) and (2) has been brought in its Member State; and
  - (b) of the extent of the contested part of the claim,

the competent authority shall, upon receipt of that information, suspend the enforcement procedure in Gibraltar relating to the contested part of the claim, pending the decision of the body competent in the matter.

- (6) At the request of an applicant authority, or where it otherwise deems it to be necessary, the competent authority may apply for an injunction or other precautionary measure to guarantee recovery in accordance with the laws of Gibraltar.
- (7) The applicant authority may send a reasoned request to the competent authority asking it to recover a contested claim or the contested part of a claim, in so far as the relevant laws, regulations and administrative practices in force in Gibraltar allow such action.
- (8) The competent authority may send a reasoned request to a requested authority of the nature described in subsection (7) and where the result of contestation is subsequently favourable to the debtor, the competent authority shall be liable for reimbursing any sums recovered, together with any compensation due, in accordance with the laws in force in the requested authority's Member State.
- (9) Where a mutual agreement procedure has been initiated by any of the competent authorities representing the jurisdictions involved in a claim and the outcome of the procedure may affect the claim in respect of which assistance has been requested, then, unless it concerns a case of immediate urgency

because of fraud or insolvency, the recovery measures shall be suspended or stopped until that procedure has been terminated.

- (10) Where the recovery measures are suspended or stopped, subsection (6) applies.

**Amendment or withdrawal of the request for recovery assistance.**

- 37.(1) The competent authority shall forthwith inform the requested authority of any subsequent amendment to its request for recovery or of the withdrawal of its request, indicating the reasons for amendment or withdrawal.
- (2) Where an amendment of a request is caused by a decision of the competent body referred to in section 36(1), the competent authority shall communicate this decision together with a revised uniform instrument permitting enforcement in the requested Member State.
- (3) Where Article 15(2) of the Directive applies, and a request for recovery has been made to the competent authority, the competent authority shall proceed with further recovery measures on the basis of the revised instrument.
- (4) Where recovery or precautionary measures have already been taken in Gibraltar on the basis of the original uniform instrument permitting enforcement, those measures may be continued on the basis of the revised instrument, unless the amendment of the request is due to invalidity of the initial instrument permitting enforcement in the applicant authority's Member State or of the original uniform instrument permitting enforcement in Gibraltar.
- (5) Sections 34 and 36 apply in relation to a revised instrument under this section.

**Request for precautionary measures.**

- 38.(1) Subject to subsection (2), the competent authority shall, at the request of an applicant authority, apply for an injunction or

such other precautionary measures as are necessary to ensure recovery in circumstances where—

- (a) a claim or the instrument permitting enforcement in the applicant authority's Member State is contested at the time when the request is made; or
  - (b) a claim is not yet the subject of an instrument permitting enforcement in the applicant authority's Member State,
- (2) The competent authority shall act in accordance with subsection (1) only in so far as the injunction or other precautionary measure is also possible, in a similar situation, under the national law and administrative practices of the applicant authority's Member State.
  - (3) The document drawn up for permitting an injunction or other precautionary measures in the applicant authority's Member State and relating to the claim for which mutual assistance is requested, if any, shall be attached to the request for precautionary measures in Gibraltar.
  - (4) The document referred to in subsection (3) shall not be subject to any act of recognition, supplementing or replacement in Gibraltar.
  - (5) A request for an injunction or other precautionary measures may be accompanied by other documents relating to the claim issued in the applicant authority's Member State.

**Rules governing the request for precautionary measures.**

- 39. Sections 32(2), 35(1) and (2), 36, and 37 apply *mutatis mutandis* for the purpose of giving effect to section 38.

**Limits to the obligations on the competent authority.**

- 40.(1) The competent authority is not obliged to grant the assistance referred to in sections 32 to 38 where recovery of the claim would, because of the situation of the debtor, create serious economic or social difficulties in Gibraltar.

- (2) The following provisions apply–
- (a) the competent authority is not obliged to grant the assistance referred to in sections 27 and 29 to 38 where the initial request for assistance pursuant to sections 27, 29, 30, 32 or 38 is made in respect of claims which are more than 5 years old, starting from the due date of the claim in the applicant authority's Member State to the date of the initial request for assistance;
  - (b) where a claim or initial instrument permitting enforcement in the applicant authority's Member State is contested, the 5-year period referred to in paragraph (a) is deemed to begin from the moment when it is established in the applicant authority's Member State that the claim or the instrument permitting enforcement may no longer be contested;
  - (c) where a postponement of the payment or instalment plan is granted by the competent bodies of the applicant authority's Member State, the 5-year period referred to in paragraph (a) is deemed to begin from the moment when the entire payment period has come to its end,
- but the competent authority is not obliged, in any event, to grant assistance in respect of claims which are more than 10 years old, counting from the due date of the claim in the applicant authority's Member State.
- (3) Assistance need not be granted where the total amount of the claims covered by this Part, for which assistance is requested, is less than EUR1500.
  - (4) The competent authority shall inform the applicant authority of the grounds for refusing a request for assistance.

**Limitation periods.**

- 41.(1) Questions concerning periods of limitation are governed solely by the laws in force in the jurisdiction in which the authority requesting the recovery is situated.
- (2) The following provisions apply in relation to the suspension, interruption or prolongation of the period of limitation—
- (a) any steps taken in the recovery of claims by the competent authority in pursuance of a request for assistance which have the effect of suspending, interrupting or prolonging the period of limitation according to the laws of Gibraltar shall be deemed to have the same effect in the applicant authority's Member State, provided the corresponding effect is provided for under the laws in force in the applicant authority's Member State; and
  - (b) where suspension, interruption or prolongation of the period of limitation is not possible under the laws in force in the requested jurisdiction, any steps taken in the recovery of claims pursuant to a request for assistance which, if they had been carried out in the applicant jurisdiction, would have had the effect of suspending, interrupting or prolonging the period of limitation according to the laws in force in the applicant jurisdiction, shall be deemed to have been taken in the latter jurisdiction, in so far as that effect is concerned.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not affect the right of the competent authority in the applicant jurisdiction to take measures to suspend, interrupt or prolong the period of limitation.
- (4) The authorities in the applicant and requested jurisdictions shall inform each other of any action which interrupts, suspends or prolongs the limitation period of the claim for which the recovery or precautionary measures were requested, or which may have this effect.



- (5) For the avoidance of doubt, in this section the references to applicant jurisdiction and requested jurisdiction are references respectively to the jurisdiction in which the authority requesting recovery and the authority to which a request for recovery is made.

**Costs.**

- 42.(1) In addition to the amounts referred to in section 35(5), the competent authority shall seek to recover from the person concerned, and retain, the costs linked to the recovery that it has incurred.
- (2) No costs shall be claimed from the applicant authority's Member State for the reimbursement of expenses arising from assistance granted pursuant to this Part, save that where, in any particular case, recovery creates a specific problem, concerns a very large amount in costs or relates to organised crime, the competent authority and the applicant authority may agree reimbursement arrangements specific to that case.
- (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2), the applicant authority remains liable to the competent authority for any costs and any losses incurred as a result of actions held to be unfounded, as far as either the substance of the claim or the validity of the instrument permitting enforcement or precautionary measures issued by the applicant authority are concerned.

*General Rules Governing all types of Assistance Requests*

**Standard forms and means of communication.**

- 43.(1) Unless impracticable for technical reasons, requests for information pursuant to section 27(1), for notification pursuant to section 30(1), for recovery pursuant to section 32(1) or for an injunction or other precautionary measures pursuant to section 38(1) shall be sent by electronic means, using a standard form.
- (2) The forms referred to in subsection (1) shall also be used, as far as possible, for any further communication with the regard to the requests referred to in that subsection.

- (3) Unless impracticable for technical reasons, the uniform instrument permitting enforcement in the requested jurisdiction, the document permitting an injunction or other precautionary measure in the applicant jurisdiction and the other documents referred to in sections 34 and 38 shall also be sent by electronic means.
- (4) Where appropriate, the standard forms may be accompanied by reports, statements and any other documents, or certified true copies or extracts thereof, which shall also be sent by electronic means, unless this is impracticable for technical reasons.
- (5) The standard forms and communication by electronic means may also be used for the exchange of information pursuant to section 28 and Article 6 of the Directive.
- (6) Subsections (1) to (5) do not apply to information and documentation obtained through the presence in administrative offices in a place other than Gibraltar or through the participation in administrative enquiries in a place other than Gibraltar, in accordance with section 29.
- (7) Where communication is not made by electronic means or with use of standard forms, this shall not affect the validity of the information obtained or of the measures taken in the execution of a request for assistance.

**Use of languages.**

- 44.(1) All requests for assistance, standard forms for notification and uniform instruments permitting enforcement shall be sent in, or shall be accompanied by a translation into, English, but the fact that certain parts thereof are written in a language other than English, shall not affect their validity or the validity of the procedure, in so far as that other language is one agreed between the competent authority and the authority in the Member State concerned.
- (2) The documents in respect of which notification is requested pursuant to section 30 may be sent to the competent authority

in an official language of the applicant authority's Member State.

- (3) Where a request is accompanied by documents other than those referred to in subsections (1) and (2), the competent authority may, where necessary, require from the applicant authority a translation of such documents into English, or into any other language agreed between them.

**Disclosure of information and documents.**

- 45.(1) Information communicated in any form pursuant to this Part is covered by the obligation of official secrecy and section 3 of the Income Tax Act 2010.
- (2) Such information may be used for the purpose of applying enforcement or other precautionary measures with regard to claims covered by this Part and for the assessment and enforcement of compulsory social security contributions.
- (3) Persons duly accredited by the Security Accreditation Authority of the European Commission may have access to this information only in so far as it is necessary for care, maintenance and development of the CCN network.
- (4) The authority providing the information shall permit the use of such information in the jurisdiction receiving the information for purposes other than those referred to in subsection (2) where, under the law of the jurisdiction providing the information, the information may be used for similar purposes.
- (5) Subject to subsection (6), where the competent authority considers that information obtained pursuant to this Part is likely to be useful for the purposes referred to in subsection (2) to a Member State other than the one which provided the information, the information may be transmitted to that other Member State, provided—
  - (a) the transmission is in accordance with the rules and procedures laid down in this Part; and

- (b) the Member State of origin of the information is notified of the intention to share that information with another Member State.
- (6) The competent authority shall not transmit information pursuant to subsection (5) if the Member State of origin of the information opposes the transmission within ten working days of receiving the notification referred to in subsection (5)(b).
- (7) Permission to use information pursuant to subsection (4) which has been transmitted pursuant to subsections (5) and (6) may be granted only by the jurisdiction from which the information originates.
- (8) Information communicated in any form pursuant to this Part or the Directive may be invoked or used as evidence by all authorities in Gibraltar on the same basis as similar information obtained within Gibraltar.

**Application of other agreements on assistance.**

- 46.(1) This Part is without prejudice to the fulfilment of any obligation to provide wider assistance ensuing from bilateral or multilateral agreements or arrangements, including for the notification of legal or extra-legal acts.
- (2) The Minister shall ensure that, where bilateral or multilateral agreements or arrangements on matters covered by this Part, other than to deal with individual cases, become applicable to Gibraltar after the coming into operation of these Regulations, the European Commission is informed thereof without delay.

**Reporting.**

- 47.(1) The Minister shall ensure that the European Commission is informed annually, by 31 March, of the following—
  - (a) the number of requests for information, notification and recovery or for precautionary measures which the competent authority sends to each Member State and which the competent authority receives from each Member State each year;

- (b) the amount of the claims for which recovery assistance is requested and the amounts recovered.
- (2) The Minister may also ensure that there is provided any other information that may be useful for evaluating the provision of mutual assistance under this Part.

**Rules of Court.**

- 48. The Chief Justice may make rules of court in relation to any matter arising under this Part.

**Regulations.**

- 49.(1) The Minister may make regulations making provision for anything that may be provided for under this Part and generally to give effect to the provisions of this Part.
  - (2) Regulations made under subsection (1) may give effect to any agreement or arrangement that may be entered into by the Government with any country or in relation to any matter falling within the scope of this Part.
  - (3) Regulations made under subsection (1) may provide for the levying of such fees and the creation of such offences as the minister may deem appropriate.”.
- (3) Schedule 2 is repealed.

**Revocation.**

- 3. The Mutual Legal Assistance (European Union) Regulations 2006 are revoked.

Dated 19th March, 2012.

F R PICARDO,  
Minister responsible for finance,  
For and on behalf of the Government.

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**EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM**

These Regulations amend the Mutual Legal Assistance (European Union) Act 2005 in order to transpose into the law of Gibraltar Council Directive 2010/24/EU of 16 March 2010 concerning mutual assistance for the recovery of claims relating to taxes, duties and other measures.

The Regulations are concerned with mutual assistance across the EU in the recovery of claims. The Regulations cover national and local taxes, duties and levies, and under its provisions Gibraltar may provide Member States with assistance in the recovery of tax debts, notification of documents, and exchange information in connection with the recovery of claims.

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